

# Automated Security Measurement/ FISMA Technical Control Automation

*Stephen Quinn & Peter Mell*  
*Computer Security Division*  
**NIST**



# I'm from the Federal Government...



and I'm (almost) here to help you!!

# Gifts to Community



- COTS Tool Vendors –
  - Provision of an enhanced IT security data repository
    - No cost and license free
    - CVE/OVAL/XCCDF/CVSS
    - Cover both patches and configuration issues
  - Elimination of duplication of effort
  - Cost reduction through standardization
- Federal Agencies
  - Automation of technical control compliance (FISMA)
  - Ability of agencies to specify how systems are to be secured



# Current Problems

*Conceptual Analogy*





# Current Problems

## *Conceptual Analogy Continued (2)*

### Outsource



### In-House

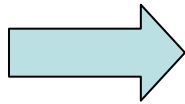




# Current Problems

## *Conceptual Analogy Continued (3)*

### Outsource



### In-House



#### a.) Troubleshoot/Analyze

- Conduct Testing
- Is there a problem?
- Cause of error condition?
- Is this check reporting correctly?

#### b.) Document/Report Findings

#### c.) Recommendations

#### d.) Remediate



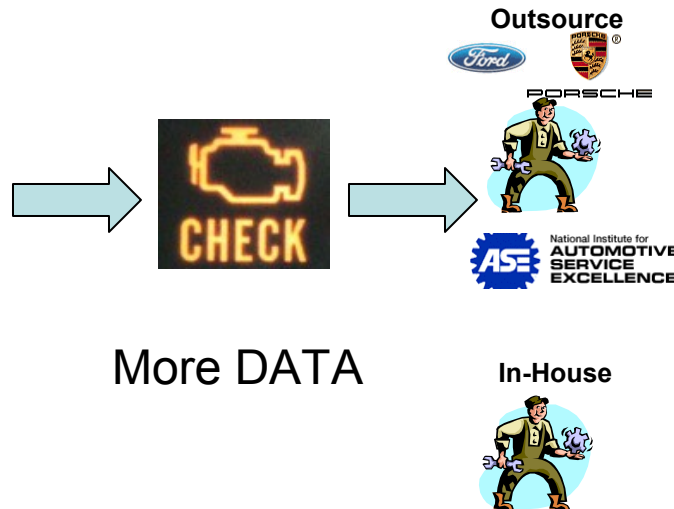
# Current Problems

## *Conceptual Analogy Continued (5)*

### Standardize & Automate

#### a.) Troubleshoot/Analyze

- Is there a problem?
- Cause of error condition?
- Is this check reporting correctly?



#### a.) Troubleshoot/Analyze

- Conduct Testing
- Is there a problem?
- Cause of error condition?
- Is this check reporting correctly?

#### b.) Document/Report Findings

#### c.) Recommendations

#### d.) Remediate



# Current Problems


*Conceptual Analogy Continued (6)*



**Before**



**After**


***Error Report***

**Problem:**  
*Air Pressure Loss*

**Diagnosis Accuracy:**  
*All Sensors Reporting*

**Diagnosis:**  
*Replace Gas Cap*

**Expected Cost:**  
*\$25.00*



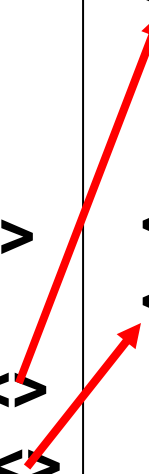
# XML Made Simple

## XCCDF - eXtensible Car Care Description Format

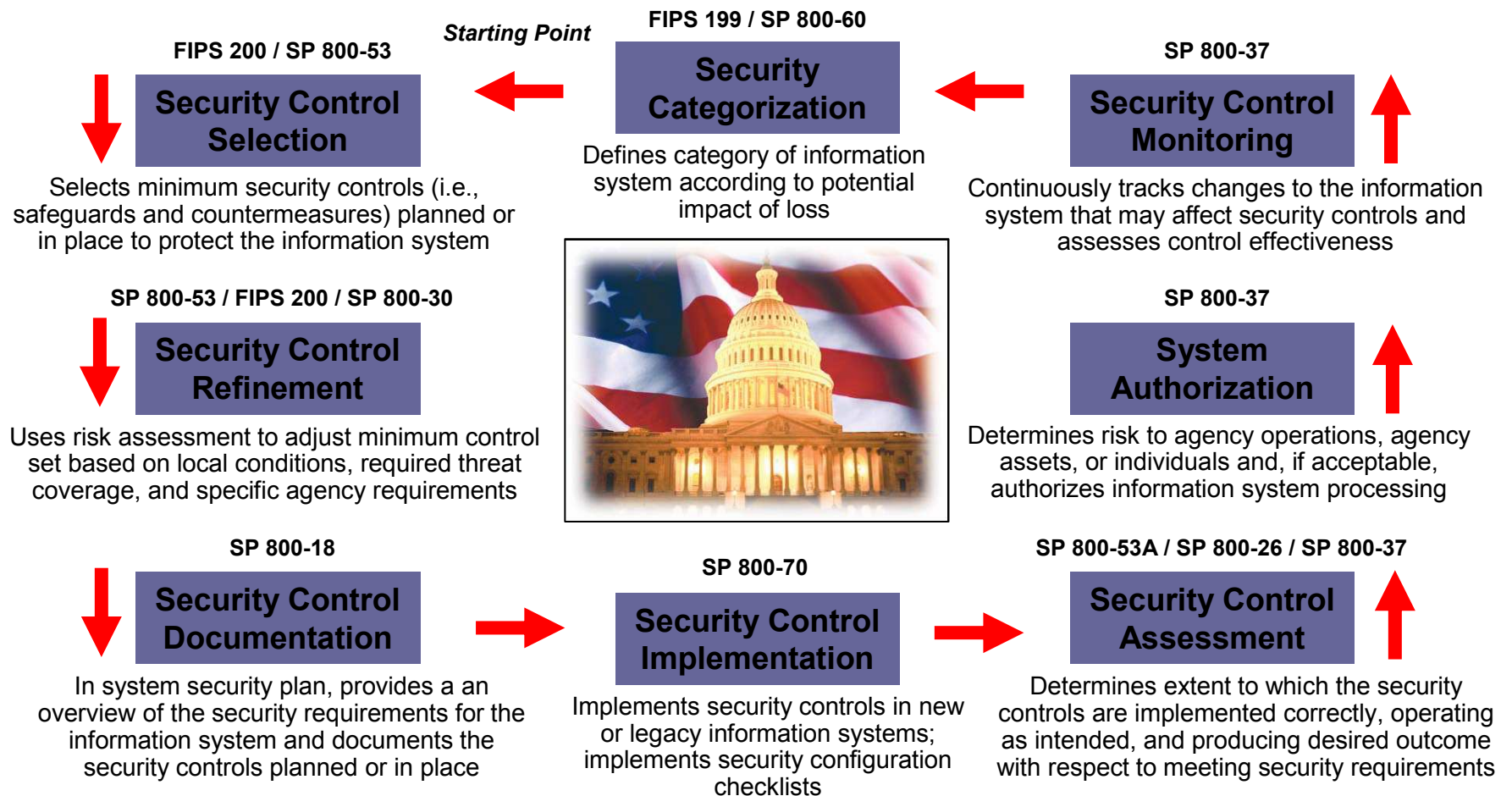
```
<Car>
  <Description>
    <Year> 1997 </Year>
    <Make> Ford </Make>
    <Model> Contour </Model>
  <Maintenance>
    <Check1> Gas Cap = On <>
    <Check2> Oil Level = Full <>
  </Maintenance>
</Description>
</Car>
```

## OVAL – Open Vehicle Assessment Language

```
<Checks>
  <Check1>
    <Location> Side of Car <>
    <Procedure> Turn <>
  </Check1>
  <Check2>
    <Location> Hood <>
    </Procedure> ... <>
  </Check2>
</Checks>
```



# FISMA Compliance



# Common FISMA Statements

- While FISMA compliance is **Important**, it can be **Complex** and **Laborious**.
- “Can parts of FISMA compliance be streamlined and automated”?
- “My organization spends more money on compliance than remediation”.

# Fundamental FISMA Questions

**What are the NIST Technical Security Controls?**

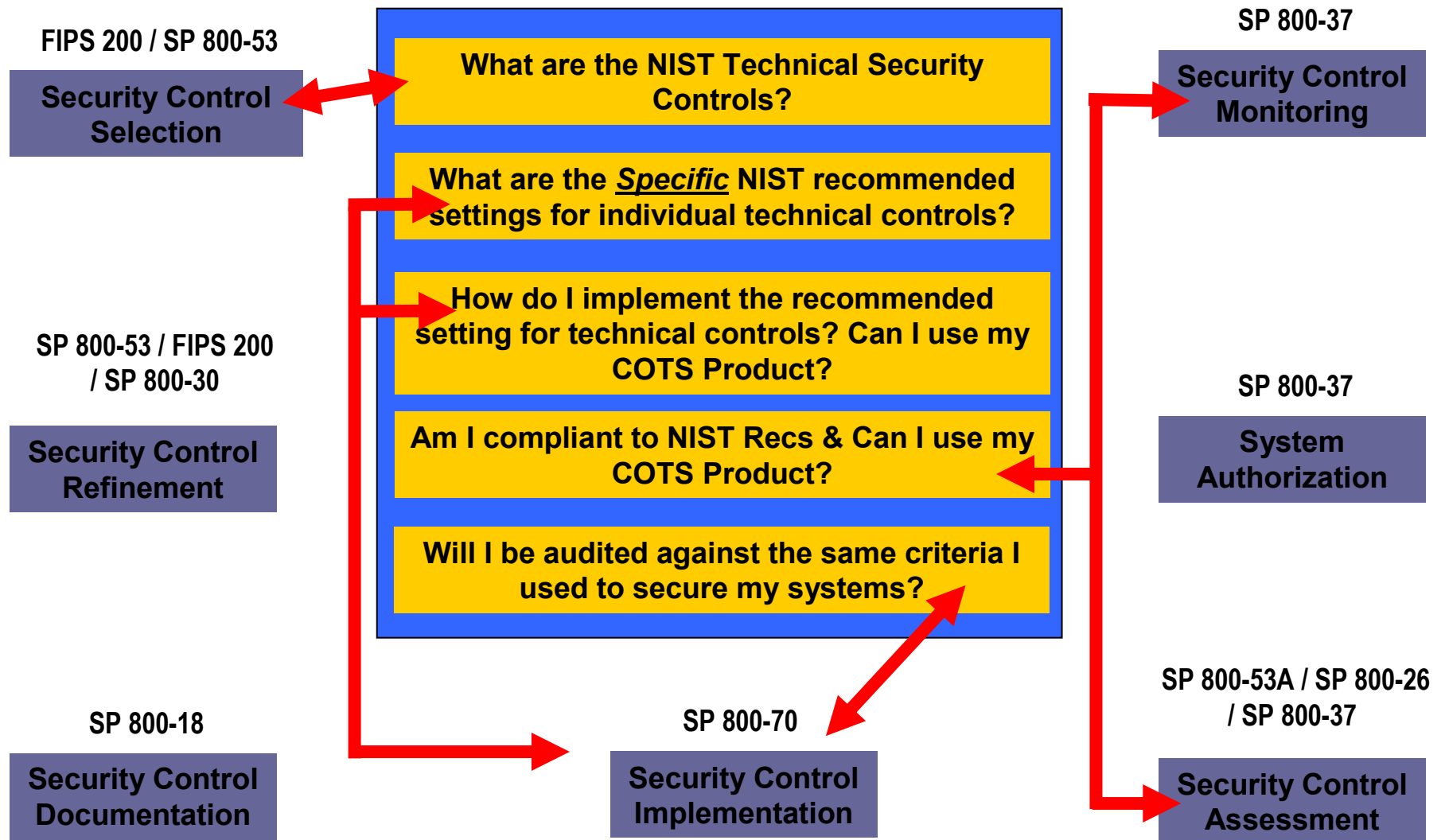
**What are the Specific NIST recommended settings for individual technical controls?**

**How do I implement the recommended setting for technical controls? Can I use my COTS Product?**

**Am I compliant to NIST Recs & Can I use my COTS Product?**

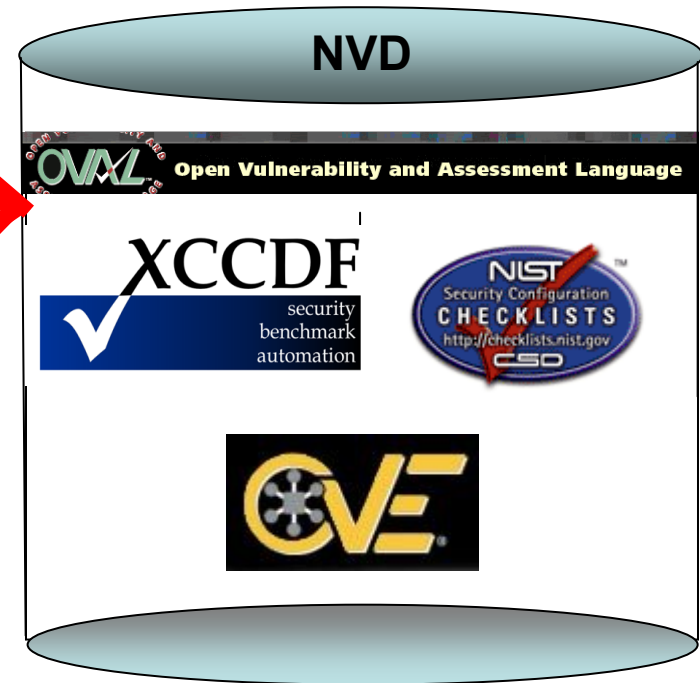
**Will I be audited against the same criteria I used to secure my systems?**

# FISMA Documents



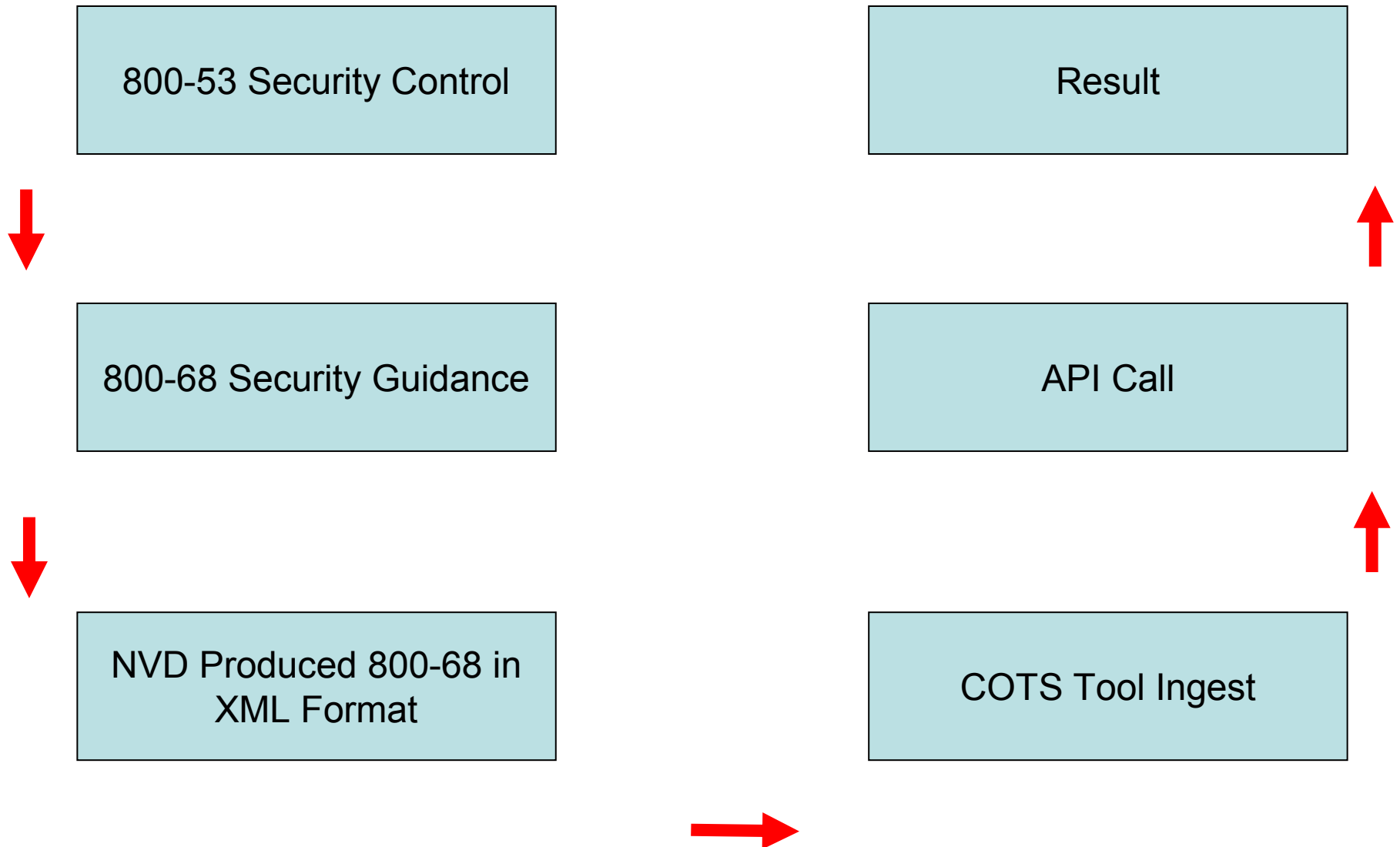
# Automation of FISMA Technical Controls

COTS Tools

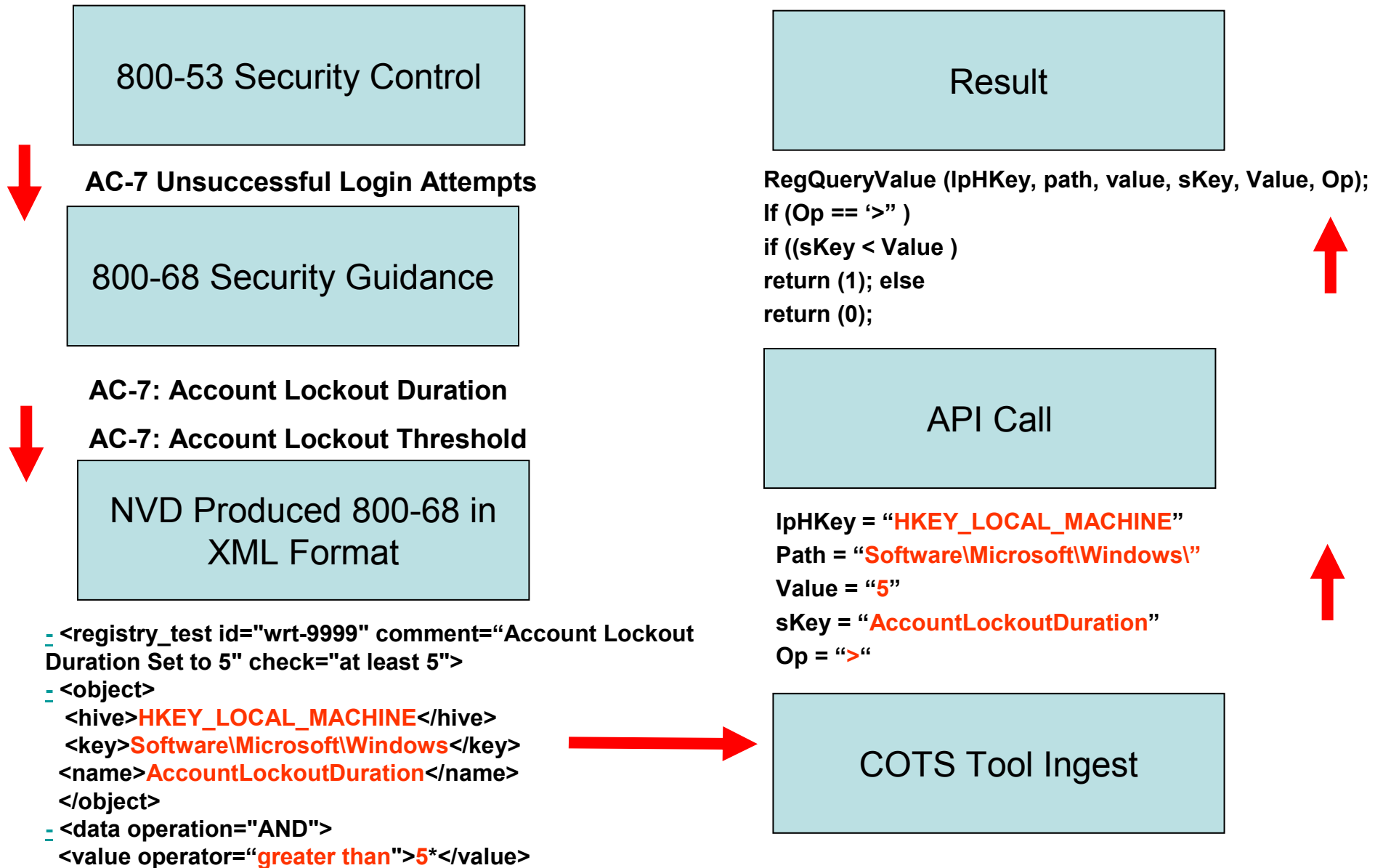


# Automated Compliance

## *The Connected Path*

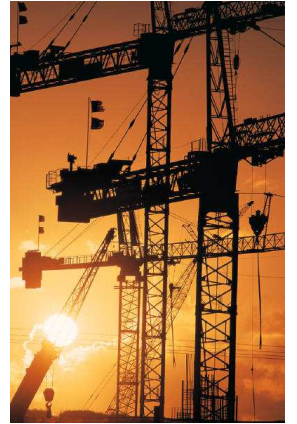


# Automated Compliance



# Wrapping together existing initiatives

- Mitre - Common Vulnerability Enumeration (CVE)
- Mitre - Open Vulnerability Assessment Language (OVAL)
- NSA - eXtensible Configuration Checklist Description Format (XCCDF)
- FIRST – Common Vulnerability Scoring System (CVSS)
- NIST - National Vulnerability Database
- NIST - NIST Checklist Program



# Existing NIST Products



- National Vulnerability Database
  - 2.2 million hits per month
  - 20 new vulnerabilities per day
  - Integrated standards:
- Checklist Program
  - 91 separate guidance documents
  - Covers 140 IT products



244 products



20 vendors



8 vendors

24 products

# ***National Vulnerability Database***

- NVD is a comprehensive cyber security vulnerability database that:
  - Integrates all publicly available U.S. Government vulnerability resources
  - Provides references to industry resources.
  - It is based on and synchronized with the CVE vulnerability naming standard.
  - XML feed for all CVEs
  - <http://nvd.nist.gov>





Sponsored by  
DHS National Cyber Security Division/US-CERT

# National Vulnerability Database

a comprehensive cyber vulnerability resource

Search CVE, Download CVE, Statistics, CVSS, Contact, FAQ

## Welcome to NVD!!

NVD is a comprehensive cyber security vulnerability database that integrates all publicly available U.S. Government vulnerability resources and provides references to industry resources. It is based on and synchronized with the [CVE](#) vulnerability naming standard.

## Resource Status

**NVD contains:**  
16418 CVE Vulnerabilities  
54 US-CERT Alerts  
1245 US-CERT [Vuln](#)  
[Notes](#)  
1162 [Oval](#) Queries  
**Last updated:**  
04/14/06  
**Publication rate:**  
17 vulnerabilities / day

## Workload Index

Vulnerability [Workload](#)  
Index: 6.89

## Email List

Enter your e-mail address and press "Add" to receive [NVD announcements](#).

## About Us

NVD is a product of the

## Search CVE Vulnerability Database

(Perform Advanced Search)

Keyword search:

Try a product or vendor name

Try a CVE standard vulnerability name or [OVAL](#) query

Only vulnerabilities that match ALL keywords will be returned

Linux kernel vulnerabilities are categorized separately from vulnerabilities in specific Linux distributions

Show only vulnerabilities that have the following associated resources:

☐ US-CERT [Technical Alerts](#)☐ US-CERT [Vulnerability Notes](#)☐ [OVAL](#) Queries

## Recent CVE Vulnerabilities

**CVE-2006-1790** **Publish Date:** 4/14/2006

A regression fix in Mozilla Firefox 1.0.7 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (crash) and possibly execute arbitrary code via the InstallTrigger.install method, which leads to memory corruption.

**CVE-2006-1738** **Publish Date:** 4/14/2006

Unspecified vulnerability in Mozilla Firefox and Thunderbird 1.x before 1.5 and 1.0.x before 1.0.8, Mozilla Suite before 1.7.13, and SeaMonkey before 1.0 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (crash) by changing the (1) -moz-grid and (2) -moz-grid-group display styles.

**CVE-2006-1737** **Publish Date:** 4/14/2006

Integer overflow in Mozilla Firefox and Thunderbird 1.x before 1.5 and 1.0.x before 1.0.8, Mozilla Suite before 1.7.13, and SeaMonkey before 1.0 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (crash) and possibly execute arbitrary bytecode via JavaScript with a large regular expression.

**CVE-2006-1742** (Firefox, Thunderbird, Mozilla suite, SeaMonkey)

**Publish Date:** 4/14/2006 **CVSS Severity:** 2.3 (Low)

The JavaScript engine in Mozilla Firefox and Thunderbird 1.x before 1.5 and 1.0.x before 1.0.8, Mozilla Suite before 1.7.13, and SeaMonkey before 1.0 does not properly handle temporary variables that are not garbage collected, which might allow remote attackers to trigger operations on freed memory and cause memory corruption.

**CVE-2006-1741** (Firefox, Thunderbird, Mozilla suite, SeaMonkey)

**Publish Date:** 4/14/2006 **CVSS Severity:** 2.3 (Low)



## National Vulnerability Database

a comprehensive cyber vulnerability resource

Search CVE, Download CVE, Statistics, CVSS, Contact, FAQ

Welcome to NYD!!

NVD is a comprehensive cyber security vulnerability database that integrates all publicly available U.S. Government vulnerability resources and provides references to industry resources. It is based on the CVE vulnerability naming standard.

## Resource Status

**NVD contains:**  
16418 CVE Vulnerabilities  
54 US-CERT Alerts  
1245 US-CERT Vuln  
Notes  
1162 Oval Queries  
**Last updated:**  
04/14/06  
**Publication rate:**  
17 vulnerabilities / day

## Workload Index

Vulnerability Workload  
Index: 6.89

## Email List

Enter your e-mail address and press "Add" to receive **NVD** announcements.

Add

## About Us

NVD is a product of the

There are **28** matching records. Displaying matches **1** through **20**.

Next 20 Matches

CVE-2006-0012 TA06-101A VU#641460

**Summary:** Unspecified vulnerability in Windows Explorer in Microsoft Windows 2000 SP4, XP SP1 and SP2, and Server 2003 SP1 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via attack vectors involving COM objects and "crafted files and directories," aka the "Windows Shell vulnerability."

**Published:** 4/11/2006

**CVSS Severity:** 5.6 (Medium)

CVE-2006-0003 TA06-101A VU#234812

**Summary:** Unspecified vulnerability in the RDS.Dataspace ActiveX control, which is contained in ActiveX Data Objects (ADO) and distributed in Microsoft Data Access Components (MDAC) 2.7 and 2.8, allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via unknown attack vectors.

**Published:** 4/11/2006

CVSS Severity: 5.6 (Medium)

CVE-2006-1189 TA06-101A VU#341028

**Summary:** Unspecified vulnerability in Microsoft Internet Explorer 5.01 through 6 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via a crafted URL with double-byte characters, aka the "Double Byte Character Parsing Memory Corruption Vulnerability."

*Published:* 4/11/2006

CVSS Severity: 10.0 (High)

CVE-2006-1188 TA06-101A VU#824324

**Summary:** Microsoft Internet Explorer 5.01 through 6 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via HTML elements with a certain crafted tag, which leads to memory corruption.

**Published:** 4/11/2006

CVSS Severity: 7.0 (High)

CVE-2006-1186 TA06-101A

**Summary:** Microsoft Internet Explorer 5.01 through 6 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via by instantiating the (1) Mdt2gddr.dll, (2) Mdt2gdd.dll, and (3) Mdt2gddo.dll COM objects as ActiveX controls, which leads to memory corruption.

**Published:** 4/11/2006

CVSS Severity: 10.0 (High)

CVE-2006-1185 TA06-101A VU#503124

**Summary:** Unspecified vulnerability in Microsoft Internet Explorer 5.01 through 6 allows



## ***NIST Checklist Program***

- Encourage Vendor Development and Maintenance of Security Guidance.
- Currently Hosts 95 separate guidance documents for over 143 IT products.
  - In English Prose and automation-enabling formats (i.e. .inf files, scripts, etc.)
- Need to provide configuration data in standard, consumable format.
- <http://checklists.nist.gov>

Security Configuration Checklists Program for IT Products - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back

Forward

Stop

Home

Search

Links


Go

Address http://checklists.nist.gov/repository/organization.html

NIST  
National Institute of  
Standards and Technology

Information Technology Laboratory - Computer Security Division  
Computer Security Resource Center - CSRC

Focus AreasPublicationsSite MapSearch



NIST Security Configuration Checklists Repository

BETA


Browse Repository by

Product Category

Vendor


Submitting Organization





Our Sponsor



Home | Browse Checklists Repository | Glossary | Subscribe to Mailing List | Contact Us

Browse the Checklists Repository By Submitting Organization:

The symbol  denotes updated or newly added in past 60 days.

CIS	Apache Benchmark for Unix, Levels I and II, Version 1.0
	BIND Benchmark v1.0 
	Gold Standard Benchmark for Cisco IOS, Level 1 and 2 Benchmarks
	Benchmark for Cisco PIX, Level 1 and 2 Benchmarks
	Exchange Server 2003 Benchmark v 1.0 
	FreeBSD Benchmark
	HP-UX Benchmark
	Oracle Database Security Benchmark v1.2 for Oracle Version 8i
	Oracle Database Security Benchmark for Oracle 9i/10g
	Red Hat Enterprise Linux Benchmark Version 1.0.3
	Solaris 10 Benchmark v 2.1.1 
	Solaris Benchmark Version 1.3.0
	SQL Server 2000 Benchmark v1.0 

DoneInternet

Security Configuration Checklists Program for IT Products - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back

Forward

Stop

Home

Search

Print

Links

Go

Address: http://checklists.nist.gov/repository/1003.html

NIST

National Institute of Standards and Technology

Information Technology Laboratory - Computer Security Division

Computer Security Resource Center - CSRC

Focus Areas

Publications

Site Map

Search

Security Configuration CHECKLISTS

http://checklists.nist.gov

CSO

NIST Security Configuration Checklists Repository

BETA

Browse Repository by

Product Category

Vendor

Submitting Organization

Our Sponsor

U.S. Department of Homeland Security

Home

Browse Checklists Repository

Glossary

Subscribe to Mailing List

Contact Us

Apple Mac OS X v10.3.x "Panther" Security Configuration Guide

Name	Apple Mac OS X v10.3.x "Panther" Security Configuration Guide
Version	Version 1.1
Status	Candidate
Creation Date	2004-10-15
Revision Date	2004-10-15
Product Category	Operating System
Vendor	Apple Computer Corporation
Product	Mac OS X
Product Version	v10.3.x "Panther"
Product Role	Desktop or mobile client
Checklist Summary	The purpose of this guide is to provide an overview of Mac OS X v10.3.x "Panther" operating system security and recommendations for configuring the security features. This guide provides recommended settings to secure systems using this operating system, and points out problems that could cause security concerns in systems using this operating system.

Done

# ***eXtensible Configuration Checklist Description Format***

- Designed to support:
  - Information Interchange
  - Document Generation
  - Organizational and Situational Tailoring
  - Automated Compliance Testing
  - Compliance Scoring
- Published as NIST IR 7275
- Foster more widespread application of good security practices



## Involved Organizations



## Standards



## Integration Projects



## IT Security Vendors



DOD COTS Products

Who did I leave out?

**Configuration**

**Standards**

**Integration  
Projects**



**We couple  
patches and  
configuration  
checking**

**Patches**

# Security Measurement

- How secure is my computer?
  - Measure security of the configuration
    - Measure conformance to recommended application and OS security settings
    - Measure the presence of security software (firewalls, antivirus...)
  - Measure presence of vulnerabilities (needed patches)
- How well have I implemented the FISMA requirements (NIST SP800-53 technical controls)?
  - Measure deviation from requirements
  - Measure risk to the agency

# Setting Ground Truth/Defining Security

## FISMA/FIPS 200 800-53

Required technical  
security controls

For each OS/application

List of all known  
vulnerabilities

Secure  
Configuration  
Guidance



Low Level  
Checking  
Specification

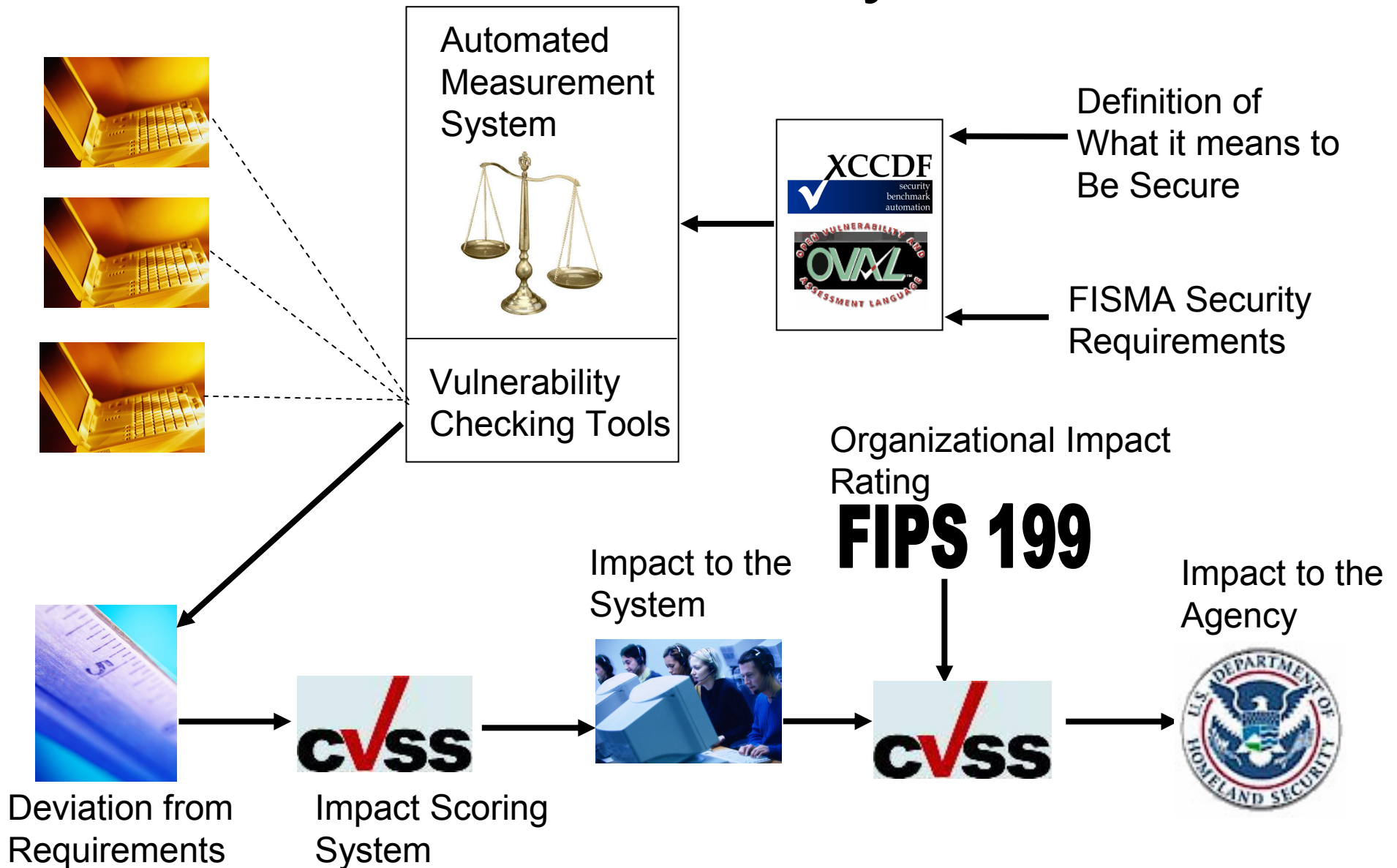


Security Specifications for Platforms  
And Application

- Vulnerabilities
- Required Configurations
- Necessary Security Tools



# Automated Security Measurement System



# Our Gifts Today



- NIST Windows XP Configuration Guide (SP 800-68)
- [http://csrc.nist.gov/itsec/download\\_WinXP.html](http://csrc.nist.gov/itsec/download_WinXP.html)
- Policy statement represented in XCCDF
- Configuration checks represented in OVAL
- Currently ALPHA version (NOT YET TESTED)
- Covers: registry settings, file permission checks, password policies, account lockout policies, audit policies
- Download at: <http://checklists.nist.gov/NIST-800-68-WinXPPro-XML-Alpha-rev1.zip>
- Content will be updated periodically; however, format will remain constant at least until the NIST Workshop in September 2006.

# NIST 800-68 in Context of 800-53

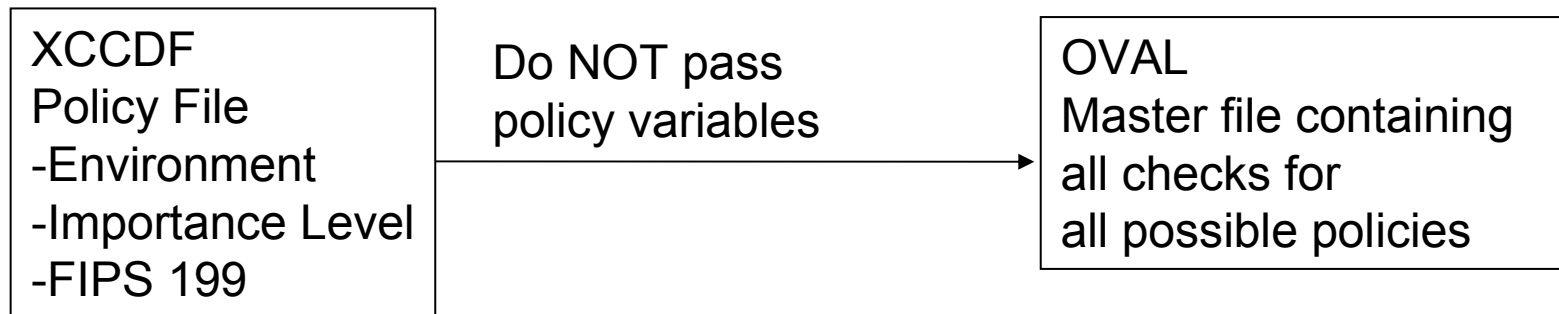
- 800-53, Appendix D specifies security control applicability according to High, Moderate, and Low impact rating of an IT System.
- 800-68 provides specific configuration information according to environment (Standalone, Enterprise, SSLF, and Legacy)
- The NIST XML specifies the applicable 800-68 security settings according to the 800-53 guidelines.

## EXAMPLE:

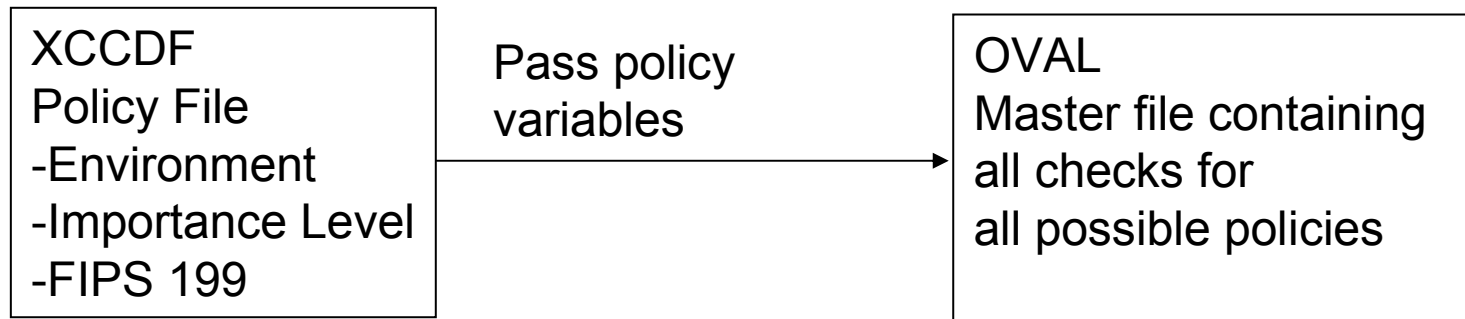
- AC-12 (session termination) is applicable for IT systems with either moderate or high impact rating, but not for system rated at a low.
- The XCCDF profile for High and Moderate systems enables the group for AC-12 rule execution, but disables the group for low system.
- The XCCDF rules 'refer' to the appropriate OVAL definitions in the companion OVAL file (named: WindowsXP-SP800-68.xml)

# OVAL and XCCDF Implementation

## Implementation with XCCDF (stand alone OVAL)



## Implementation with XCCDF (dependant OVAL)



# OVAL and XCCDF Implementation

## Implementation without XCCDF

OVAL Enterprise/High	OVAL Legacy/High	OVAL Standalone/High
OVAL Enterprise/Medium	OVAL Legacy/Medium	OVAL Standalone/Medium
OVAL Enterprise/Low	OVAL Legacy/Low	OVAL Standalone/Low

OVAL files work by themselves

Each OVAL file checks with respect to a particular policy

# Questions?



Stephen Quinn (NIST Checklist Program)  
Peter Mell (National Vulnerability Database)  
Computer Security Division  
NIST, Information Technology Laboratory  
[stquinn@nist.gov](mailto:stquinn@nist.gov), [mell@nist.gov](mailto:mell@nist.gov)